

& ICT Education



Funded by the

Dr. Karsten Schulz karsten.schulz@nicta.com.au 8.5.2014



Australian Government

Department of Communications

About the Presenter

- Electrical Engineer, Computer Scientist
- Studied in Germany and Australia \bullet
- Completed Honours, with 10 years of industry experience
- Moved to Australia in 1999. Citizen since 2006.
- lacksquareFrance, Germany, US - 25 years ICT industry experience
- Joined NICTA in 2013. Now heading up the National Digital Careers Program
- Six school-age children (Year 12-Year 1). \bullet
- 3D printing; Arduino, Mac, iPhone developer ... and enthusiastic hobby surgeon :-)

Formerly head of SAP Research in Asia-Pacific. Lived in Singapore, worked in India, China. Reported into



Misconceptions about Information & Communication Technology

Students' lack of interest in studying ICT, and STEM in general. Skills gap opening, youth unemployment, missed economic

opportunities

Problem Statement



Purpose of Digital Careers

- Group X pilot in QLD.
- interest in ICT;
- Increase the portion of student enrolment in ICT courses at universities and TAFE;
- Raise the profile and reputation of the ICT industry and ICT careers;
- Improve the capability and confidence of school ICT teachers and catalyse the professionalisation of ICT teaching, and
- (school teachers)

• 4 year program, funded by the Australian Government, Department of Communications, based on the successful

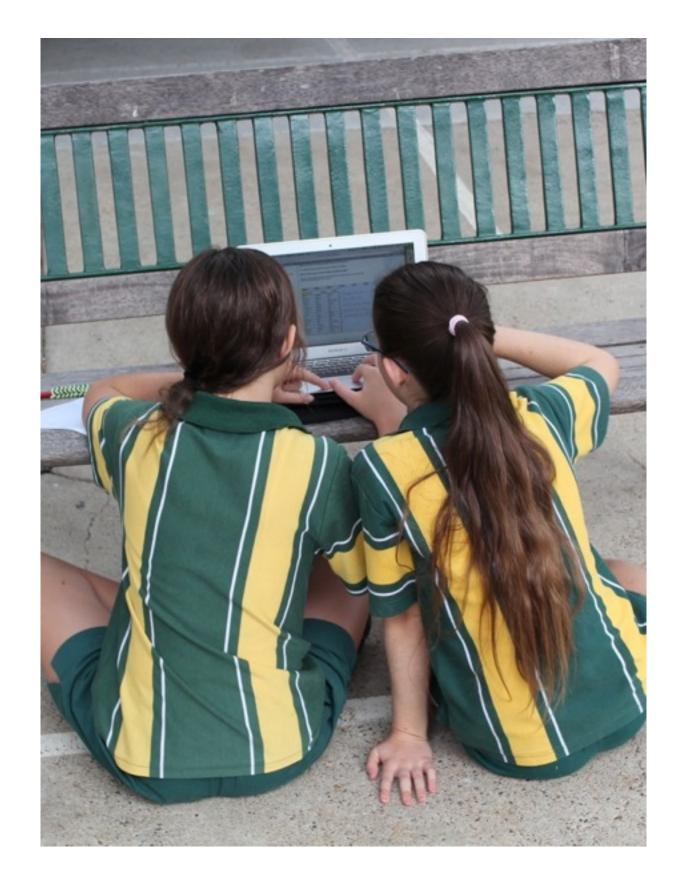
Increase interest amongst school students in digital technologies, engage students who have not yet developed an

Increase awareness of career diversity, opportunities and benefits of an ICT based study program/education;

Provide education and training material and professional development for ICT educators







Start Early



Sometimes earlier :-)



Stakeholders

- Students: Years 5-10 (10-15 years old)
- Parents
- Teachers & Career Advisors
- Universities, Industry
- Government & Society as a whole



Activities & Events for Students Teacher Engagement Professional Development

Promotion and diversity of ICT industry

3 Pillars

Opportunity for support by Universities





Activities & Events

Year 10

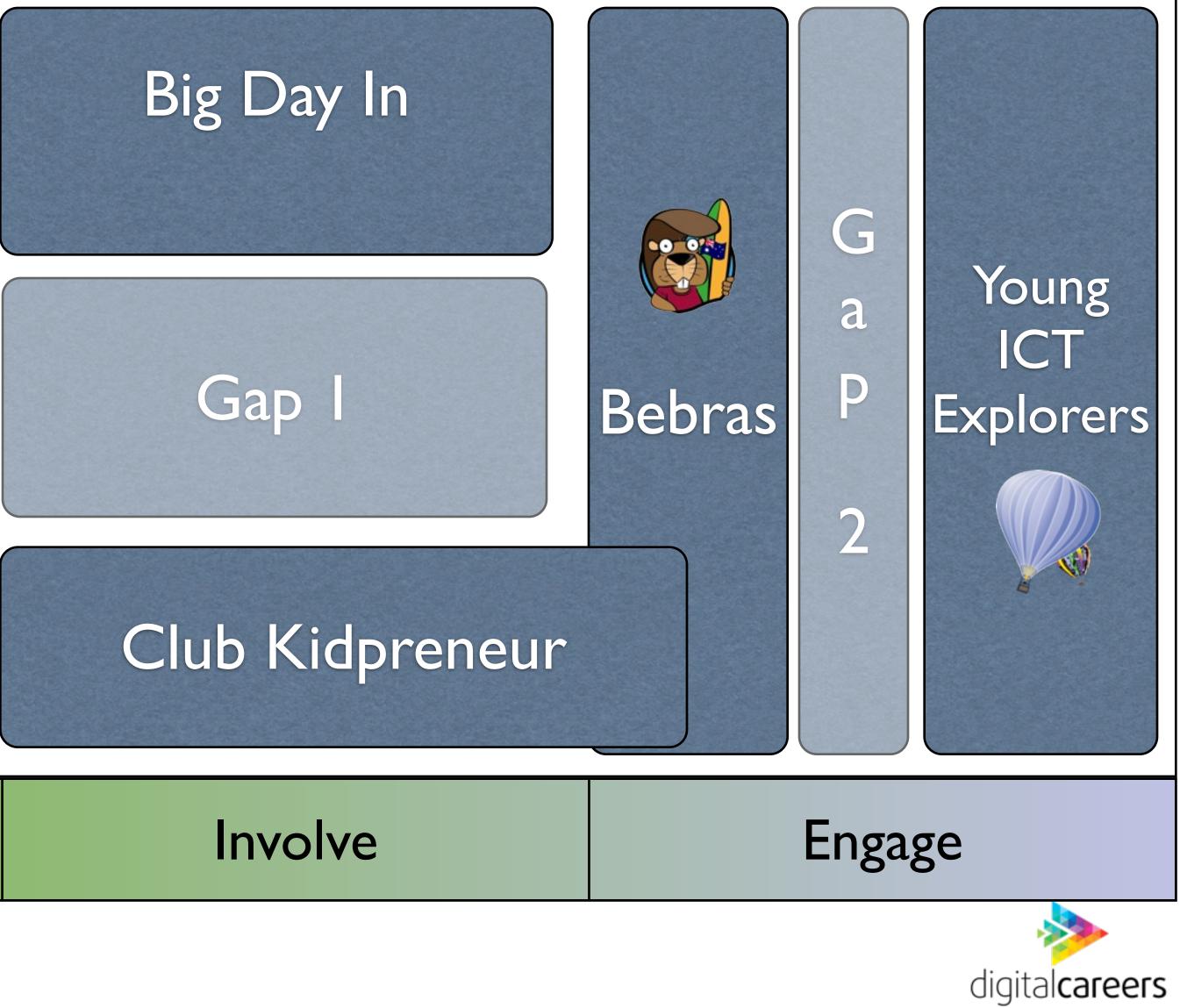
ullet

•

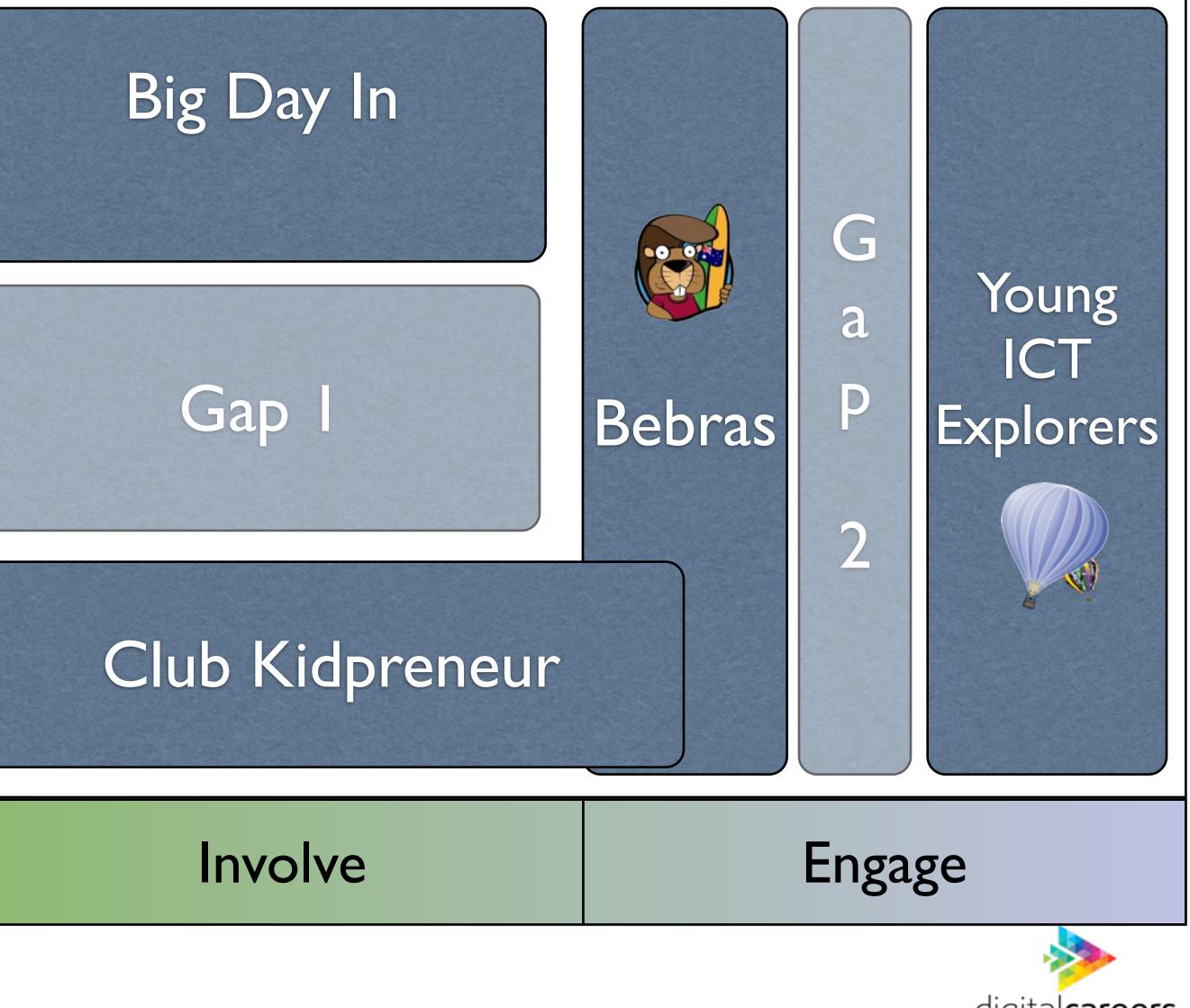
•

Career Fairs

Website, Social Media, Classic Media







Year 5

Inform

Activities & Events for Students /2014

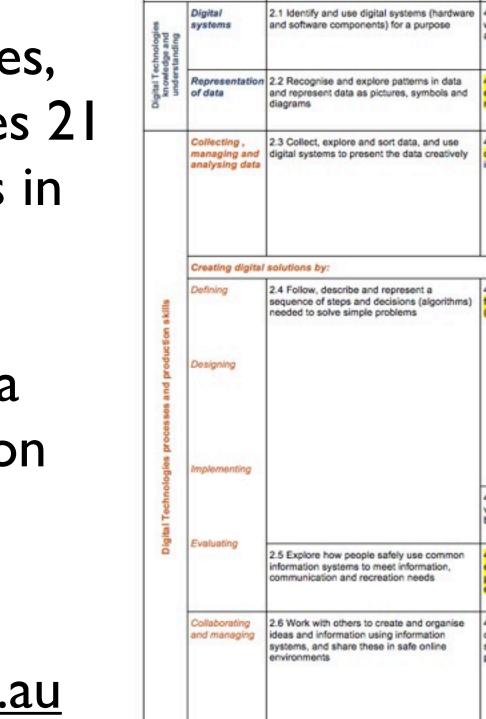
- Inform 114,000 students through events.
- Involve & engage 33,000-38,000 students through activities
- Retain students along inform involve - engage pathway.







Bebras and the ACARA Digital Technologies Curriculum



Australian Curriculum: Digital Technologies (F–10) scope and sequence

Strand

Foundation - Year 2

- Within 45 minutes, Bebras introduces 21 of the 44 strands in the new digital technologies curriculum with a particular focus on computational thinking
- www.bebras.edu.au

Australian Curriculum: Digital Technologies (F-10) December 2013

	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6	Year 7 and 8	Year 9 and 10 (Elective sub
ware	4.1 Explore and use a range of digital systems with peripheral devices for different purposes, and transmit different types of data	6.1 Investigate the main components of common digital systems, their basic functions and interactions and how such digital systems may connect together to form networks to transmit data	8.1 Investigate how data are transmitted and secured in wired, wireless and mobile networks, and how the specifications of hardware components impact on network activities	10.1 Investigate the role of has software in managing, controllin securing the movement of and in networked digital systems
and	4.2 Recognise different types of data and explore how the same data can be represented in different ways	6.2 Investigate how digital systems use whole numbers as a basis for representing all types of data	8.2 Investigate how digital systems represent text, image and audio data in binary	10.2 Analyse simple compression of data and how content data are separated from presentation
ie vely	4.3 Collect, access and present different types of data using simple software to create information and solve problems	6.3 Acquire, store and validate different types of data, and use a range of commonly available software to interpret and visualise data in context to create information	8.3 Acquire data from a range of sources and evaluate authenticity, accuracy and timeliness	10.3 Develop techniques for acquiring, storing and validating quantitative and qualitative data from a range of sources, considering privacy and security requirements
			8.4 Analyse and visualise data using a range of software to create information; and use structured data to model objects or events	10.4 Analyse and visualise data to create information and address complex problems; and model processes, entities and their relationships using structured data
	2			
hms)	4.4 Define simple problems, and describe and follow a sequence of steps and decisions	6.4 Define problems in terms of data and functional requirements, and identify features	8.5 Define and decompose real-world problems taking into account functional	10.5 Precisely define and decompose real- world problems, taking into account functional

15)	follow a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) needed to solve them	functional requirements, and identify features similar to previously solved problems	problems taking into account functional requirements and economic, environmental, social, technical and usability constraints	world problems, taking into account functional and non-functional requirements and including interviewing stakeholders to identify needs
		6.5 Design a user interface for a digital system, generating and considering alternative designs	8.6 Design the user experience of a digital system, generating, evaluating and communicating alternative designs	10.6 Design the user experience of a digital system, evaluating alternative designs against criteria including functionality, accessibility, usability, and aesthetics
		6.6 Design, modify and follow simple algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English involving sequences of steps, branching, and iteration (repetition)	8.7 Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English; and trace algorithms to predict output for a given input and to identify errors	10.7 Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in structured English and validate algorithms and programs through tracing and test cases
	4.5 Implement digital solutions as simple visual programs with algorithms involving branching (decisions), and user input	 6.7 Implement digital solutions as simple visual programs involving branching, iteration (repetition), and user input 	8.8 Implement and modify programs with user interfaces involving branching, iteration and functions in a general-purpose programming language	10.8 Implement modular programs, applying selected algorithms and data structures including using an object-oriented programming language
n	4.6 Explain how developed solutions and existing information systems meet common personal, school or community needs; and envisage new ways of using them	6.8 Explain how developed solutions and existing information systems are sustainable and meet local community needs, considering opportunities and consequences for future applications	8.9 Evaluate how well developed solutions and existing information systems meet needs, are innovative and take account of future risks and sustainability	10.9 Critically evaluate how well developed solutions and existing information systems and policies, take account of future risks and sustainability and provide opportunities for innovation and enterprise
c	4.7 Work with others to <u>planthe</u> creation and communication of ideas and information safely, applying agreed ethical and social protocols	6.9 Manage the creation and communication of ideas and information including online collaborative projects, applying agreed ethical, social and technical protocols	8.10 Create and communicate interactive ideas and information collaboratively online, taking into account social contexts	10.10 Create interactive solutions for sharing ideas and information online, taking into account social contexts and legal responsibilities
			8.11 Plan and manage projects, including tasks, time and other resources required, considering safety and sustainability	10.11 Plan and manage projects using an iterative and collaborative approach, identifying risks and considering safety and sustainability









Digital Careers Activity Map 2014

www.digitalcareers.edu.au

This document provides an overview of information and communication activities, events and competitions on offer around Australia. The aim is to create awareness and stimulate interest in the possibilities available to students in the information, communication and digital technologies fields.

While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the content provided, we suggest contacting the owners of each activity for the most current information available or visit their website for further details.

Program Name	Program Details
Australian Innovation Challenge	Acronym:
Innovation awards helping drive some of the nation's best ideas to	2013 attendance:
commercialisation or adoption. 7 professional categories plus a backyard category	Duration: Competition commences July and ends November
Protessional categories plus a backyala category	Age Group: Open to both professionals and the general public
	Gender: Girls, Boys
	Location: National
	Event Dates: Entries open July, Entries close Sept, Finalised announced week from Nov, Awards Ceremony Late Nov
	URL: http://www.theaustralian.com.au/innovationchallenge
Australian Informatics Competition	Acronym: AIC
The Australian Informatics Competition (AIC) is a one-hour	2013 Student attendance: 6000
problem-solving competition which seeks to identify computer	Duration: 1 hour
programming potential; something which students might not normally have an opportunity to demonstrate. The AIC is not a programming competition and no programming experience is	Age Group: All high school students, separate competitions for Junior (Years and 8), Intermediate (Years 9 and 10) and Senior (Years 11 and 12) (note that
required. Results in the AIC often enable a talent to be discovered	an Upper Primary level will be introduced in 2015).
which is not always apparent or sought in normal classroom activities. Some questions test the ability to accurately perform	Gender: Girls, Boys
procedures. Others require logical thought while the more	Location: All participating Australian Secondary Schools
challenging problems require the identification and application of	Event Dates: Tuesday 25 March 2014, but entries close Friday 14 March 2014
algorithms.	URL: http://www.amt.edu.au/aic.html
Contact: Australian Mathematics Trust Tel: +61 2 6201 5137	
Email: aic@amt.edu.au	
Australian Informatics Olympiad	Acronym: AIO
The Australian Informatics Olympiad is a national computer	2013 Student attendance: 300
programming competition held annually in early September.	Duration: 3 hours
Students write short computer programs to solve three problems that range in difficulty. The competition does not test computer literacy or knowledge, but is focused on problem solving through	Age Group: All high school students (Two levels of competition, Intermediate (up to Year 10) and Senior (Years 11 and 12).
programming skills. A free training program to help students learn	Gender: Girls, Boys
an appropriate programming language is available through the AMT website link below.	Location: All participating Australian Secondary Schools
Contact: Australian Mathematics Trust	Event Dates: Thursday 4 September 2014
informatics@amt.edu.au Phone: 02 6201 5137	URL: http://www.amt.edu.au/aio.html
Bebras Australia Computational	Acronym: Bebras
Thinking Challenge	2013 Student attendance: N/A
Bebras is an international initiative whose goal is to promote Computational Thinking among teachers and students of ages 8-	Duration: 45 minutes, usually held in November during international Bebras Week
17 (school years 3-12), but also to the public. The contests are	Age Group: Year 3-12
made of a set of short questions called Bebras tasks and are delivered via the Cloud. The tasks can be answered without prior	Gender: Girls, Boys
knowledge about Informatics, but are clearly related to	Location: Online
Informatics concepts. To solve the tasks, students are required to think in and about information, discrete structures, computation,	Event Dates: March 2014 (Pilot). November 2014 (Regular Contest)
data processing and algorithmic concepts	URL: http://bebras.org/
Contact: Group X	www.inipit/www.sitestigr.
Karsten Schulz	
Karsten.Schulz@nicta.com.au	
	ivity Map 16/04/2014

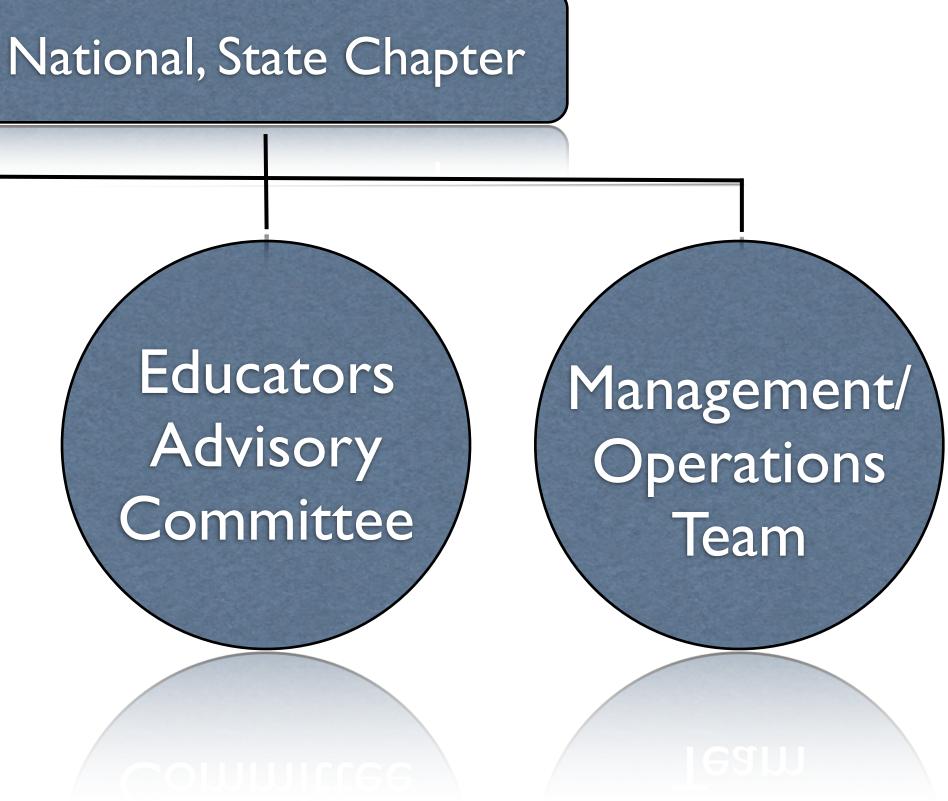
Activity Map

A directory of available ICT student activities in Australia



DC Organisational Model

Steering Committee





Teacher Engagement & Professional Development

- We Listen to the needs of the teachers...
 - Educator Advisory Committees
- We Support teachers ...
 - Teaching the teacher outreach program (QUT, UQ)
 - MOOC with University of Adelaide (Years 7-8)
 - ICT in Schools: Strategic partnership with CSIRO
 - Partnership with ACARA re. Network of Expertise, Bebras
 - University Academic mentorship program (proposed)
 - Activity Map





& ICT Education



Funded by the

Dr. Karsten Schulz karsten.schulz@nicta.com.au 8.5.2014



Australian Government

Department of Communications